WEEK 16 – ĐỀ HỌC SINH GIỎI - GRADE 6

# 1. Complete the sentences with the words from the box.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| uniforms | boarding | library | classmates |
| equipment | excited | international | creative |

1. Vy and Phong are about their first day at secondary school.
2. Phong and Duy are in the same class at school. They are .
3. Most schools require children to wear school .
4. My sister is very . She is very good at painting pictures \_ .
5. A school is a school where students study and live during the school year.
6. AIS is an school in Vietnam. It provides American education.
7. The school gym has lots of new, modern .
8. In the , you can read books and papers or borrow them to read at home.

# Fill the gaps with the correct prepositions.

* 1. The children are excited the school trip.
	2. Dorothy put her coat and went out.
	3. We have English, maths and science Tuesday.
	4. What do you usually do break time?
	5. the afternoon I play footballthe playground.
	6. I go home 4 o’clock every day.
	7. Vy is doing her homework the library.
	8. Many boarders go home weekends.

# Put the verbs into the correct form. Use Present Simple.

* 1. They (play) football and basketball at school.
	2. My father (read) the newspaper every morning.
	3. We (have) English, Maths and Science on Monday.
	4. She never (do) her homework.
	5. I (go) swimming twice a week.
	6. Cars (be) more expensive than motorbikes.
	7. Jane always (have) breakfast at 6 o’clock.

8 He usually (watch) TV after dinner.

1. London \_ (be) a very big country.
2. I (be) a student and my parents (be) teachers.

# Use the prompts to write full sentences. Use Present Continuous.

* 1. I/ do my homework
	2. Bella/ talk on the phone
	3. We/ listen to CDs now
	4. The children/ ride to the park
	5. It/ rain very hard now
	6. She/ bake a chocolate cake
	7. You/ dance very beautifully
	8. Mark and his friends/ have lunch

# Complete the sentence with the negative form of the present continuous. Use short forms.

* 1. They \_ (help) the teacher right now.
	2. She (stay) in a hotel.
	3. I (travel) a lot these days.
	4. We (study) science at present.
	5. The children (play) football in the playground.
	6. Bob (watch) the news on TV.
	7. My parents (talk) to the teacher at the moment.
	8. The sun (shine) today.

# Complete the sentence with the present simple or present progressive form of the verb in brackets.

1. I (look) for Jack. Do you know where he is?
2. You (know) a lot about computers.
3. They \_ (do) maths homework now.
4. Mark often (play) tennis at the weekend.
5. Just a minute, I can’t hear you. I (listen) to the radio.
6. Bob
7. Be quiet! The children \_

(watch) the news on TV every morning.

(study) in the room.

1. Mark \_ (not do) homework on Saturdays.
2. Wake up! The teacher (ask) you a question.
3. We (not work) at the moment. We’re on a break.

# Complete the sentences with the question words.

what when where how who how often how many how much

* 1. does the first lesson begin? - At seven o’clock.
	2. are you going? - To the library.
	3. do you usually bring to school? - Textbooks, notebooks and pens.
	4. do you go to school? - By bike.
	5. is Mary talking to? - Mrs. Berry, her English teacher.
	6. is your favorite subject? - Maths.
	7. is your first day at school? - Oh, it’s great.
	8. does Phong do judo? - Three times a week.
	9. students are there in your class? - Forty.
	10. pocket money do you get? - Ten thousand dong.

# Complete the second sentence so that it has the same meaning as the first.

* 1. What is your favorite subject?

→ What subject

* 1. There are 35 students in my class.

→ My class

* 1. Mai live near her school.

→ Mai’s house isn’t

* 1. Mary plays the piano very well.

→ Mary is good

* 1. Do you like physics?

→ Are you interested

* 1. The school has a computer room and a library.

→ There